

【1】

(1) She often reads books in the library.

→ 正解:① reads

解説: *often*(頻度副詞)は一般動詞の前に置かれる。*every Sunday* などと同じく習慣を示すので現在形。

(2) Tom always eats breakfast at seven.

→ 正解:① eats

解説: *always*(頻度副詞)+毎朝=習慣。現在形の一般動詞。

(3) They were playing soccer in the park at that time.

→ 正解:③ were playing

解説: *at that time* は「その時」で過去進行形を導く目印。動作動詞 *play*。

(4) Mary was very busy yesterday afternoon.

→ 正解:② was

解説: *yesterday afternoon* → 過去。*be* 動詞は主語が三人称単数なので *was*。

(5) We usually play tennis on Sundays.

→ 正解:① play

解説: *usually*+曜日の習慣 → 現在形。主語が複数なので *play*。

(6) He is studying English in his room now.

→ 正解:② is studying

解説: *now* → 現在進行形。動作動詞 *study*。

(7) I was watching TV in my room at that time.

→ 正解:③ was watching

解説: *at that time* → 過去進行形の典型。

(8) Ken often listens to music in his room.

→ 正解:① listens

解説: *often*+習慣 → 現在形。*listen to* は三単現 *-s* 必要。

(9) They will go to the station tomorrow afternoon.

→ 正解:③ will go

解説: *tomorrow afternoon* → 未来。未来は *will* か *be going to*。ここでは *will*。

(10) I am going to do my homework at nine tonight.

→ 正解:④ am going to do

解説: *tonight* → 未来。意図を示すので *be going to*。

(11) My brother saw that movie last year.

→ 正解:② saw

解説: *last year* → 過去。動詞 *see* の過去形は *saw*。

(12) She was always kind to everyone.

→ 正解:② was

解説: *be* 動詞+頻度副詞 *always*。*yesterday* や過去の状況 → 過去形 *was*。

(13) We were studying at school at that time.

→ 正解:③ were studying

解説: *at that time* → 過去進行形。*study* は動作動詞。

(14) He usually studies English for two hours.

→ 正解:① studies

解説: *usually*+習慣 → 現在形。主語は三単現なので *-ies*。

(15) She played the piano

yesterday.

→ 正解:② played

解説:*yesterday* → 過去。規則動詞 play の過去形 played。

(16) They will take the exam next Monday.

→ 正解:③ will take

解説:*next Monday* → 未来。未来表現は will。

(17) I visited my grandmother last Saturday.

→ 正解:② visited

解説:*last Saturday* → 過去。visit の過去形 visited。

(18) The boy was very tired yesterday.

→ 正解:② was

解説:*yesterday* → 過去。be 動詞過去形。

(19) She is going to go to America next year.

→ 正解:④ is going to go

解説:*next year* → 未来。予定を表すので be going to。

(20) I got up at six this morning.

→ 正解:② got

解説:*this morning* → 過去。get up の過去形は got。

## 【2】

(1) Jim does not often study in the library.

→ 習慣を表す現在形。一般動詞 → does not.

(2) Does she go to school by bus every day?

→ *every day* → 習慣。一般動詞 → Does 疑問文。

(3) You were not playing basketball at that time.

→ *at that time* → 過去進行形。否定は were not.

(4) Was the boy tired yesterday?

→ *yesterday* → be 動詞の過去形。

(5) My father does not often read the newspaper at home.

→ 習慣(現在形)。三単現なので does not.

(6) She is not using the computer now.

→ *now* → 現在進行形。否定は is not.

(7) Were you speaking English at that time?

→ *at that time* → 過去進行形。疑問文は were.

(8) They do not usually play soccer on Fridays.

→ *usually* → 現在形。主語が複数なので do not.

(9) Will Tom take the exam tomorrow?

→ *tomorrow* → 未来。未来表現は will.

(10) My children are not going to do their homework tonight.

→ *tonight* → 未来。be going to の否定。

(11) She did not visit the town last year.

→ *last year* → 過去。一般動詞 visit → did not.

(12) Was your mother in the kitchen at that time?

→ *at that time* → be 動詞の過去。

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疑問文は was。

(13) He does not often play the piano.

→ 習慣(現在形)。一般動詞 → does not.

(14) Are they playing soccer now?

→ *now* → 現在進行形。疑問文は are.

(15) The dog was not well yesterday.

→ *yesterday* → be 動詞の過去形。否定は was not.

(16) You do not usually eat breakfast every day.

→ *every day* → 現在形。主語 you → do not.

(17) Is Mary talking on the phone now?

→ *now* → 現在進行形。疑問文は is.

(18) They did not go to the park last Sunday.

→ *last Sunday* → 過去。一般動詞 go → did not.

(19) Will the teacher come to school tomorrow?

→ *tomorrow* → 未来。未来表現は will.

(20) My mother is not going to go shopping this weekend.

→ *this weekend* → 未来。be going to の否定。

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### ✔ ポイントまとめ

- 習慣(現在形): 頻度副詞 often, usually → do/does を使って疑問・否定
- 過去: yesterday, last ~, at that time → did / was / were
- 進行形: now, at that time → be 動詞 + Ving
- 未来: tomorrow, tonight, next ~, this weekend → will / be going to