

# 書き換え問題①【時制全般】氏名 [ ]

(1) The teacher usually checks our homework after class. (ふだん)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(2) The concert was exciting last Sunday. (先週の日曜)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(3) My brother is playing soccer in the park now. (今)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(4) The children were studying English at that time. (そのとき)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(5) Our family will visit Kyoto next Saturday. (来週の土曜)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(6) The students are going to have a test tomorrow morning. (明日の朝)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(7) The library was very quiet yesterday afternoon. (昨日の午後)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(8) Tom often eats lunch at this restaurant. (よく)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(9) The boy studies math every evening. (毎晩)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(10) The movie started at eight last night. (昨夜 8 時)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(11) My classmates are listening to music now.(今)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(12) The girls were running in the park at that time.(そのとき)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(13) My father usually drives to work in the morning.(ふだんの朝)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(14) The baseball game was interesting yesterday.(昨日)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(15) Our club will practice soccer next Friday.(来週金曜)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(16) My mother is going to visit her friend this evening.(今晚)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(17) The shop opens at nine every morning.(毎朝 9 時)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(18) The boy was at the station two days ago.(2 日前)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(19) The children are studying in the library now.(今)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(20) The students were cleaning the classroom then.(そのとき)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

書き換え問題①

(1) The teacher usually checks our homework after class.

否定: The teacher doesn't usually check our homework after class.

疑問: Does the teacher usually check our homework after class?

和訳: 先生はふだん授業後に宿題をチェックしません。／先生はふだん授業後に宿題をチェックしますか。

解説: 一般動詞の現在形。否定は doesn't + 原形、疑問は Does + 主語 + 原形。頻度副詞 usually は一般動詞の前。

(2) The concert was exciting last Sunday.

否定: The concert was not exciting last Sunday.

疑問: Was the concert exciting last Sunday?

和訳: そのコンサートは先週の日曜日は面白くなかった。／面白かったですか。

解説: be 動詞の過去形 was。否定は was not、疑問は Was + 主語。

(3) My brother is playing soccer in the park now.

否定: My brother is not playing soccer in the park now.

疑問: Is my brother playing soccer in the park now?

和訳: 兄は今、公園でサッカーをしていません。／していますか。

解説: 現在進行形 be + V-ing。否定は be not、疑問は be の倒置。

(4) The children were studying English at that time.

否定: The children were not studying English at that time.

疑問: Were the children studying English at that time?

和訳: 子どもたちはそのとき英語を勉強していませんでした。／勉強していましたか。

解説: 過去進行形。否定は were not、疑問は Were + 主語。

(5) Our family will visit Kyoto next Saturday.

否定: Our family will not visit Kyoto next Saturday.

疑問: Will our family visit Kyoto next Saturday?

和訳: 私たちの家族は来週の土曜日に京都を訪れないでしょう。／訪れるでしょうか。

解説: 未来形 will + 原形。否定は will not (won't)、疑問

は Will + 主語。

(6) The students are going to have a test tomorrow morning.

否定: The students are not going to have a test tomorrow morning.

疑問: Are the students going to have a test tomorrow morning?

和訳: 生徒たちは明日の朝テストをしない予定です。／テストをする予定ですか。

解説: be going to + 原形。操作は be 動詞で行う。

(7) The library was very quiet yesterday afternoon.

否定: The library was not very quiet yesterday afternoon.

疑問: Was the library very quiet yesterday afternoon?

和訳: 図書館は昨日の午後とても静かではなかった。／静かでしたか。

解説: be 動詞の過去形。否定は was not、疑問は Was + 主語。

(8) Tom often eats lunch at this restaurant.

否定: Tom doesn't often eat lunch at this restaurant.

疑問: Does Tom often eat lunch at this restaurant?

和訳: トムはよくこのレストランで昼食を食べません。／よく食べますか。

解説: 一般動詞の現在形。否定・疑問は does/doesn't + 原形。頻度副詞 often は一般動詞の前。

(9) The boy studies math every evening.

否定: The boy doesn't study math every evening.

疑問: Does the boy study math every evening?

和訳: その少年は毎晩数学を勉強しません。／勉強しますか。

解説: 一般動詞の現在形。否定は doesn't + 原形、疑問は Does + 主語 + 原形。

(10) The movie started at eight last night.

否定: The movie didn't start at eight last night.

疑問: Did the movie start at eight last night?

和訳: その映画は昨夜 8 時に始まらなかった。／昨夜 8 時に始まりましたか。

解説: 一般動詞の過去形なので、否定・疑問には did / didn't + 原形 を使う。

(11) My classmates are listening to music now.

否定: My classmates are not listening to music now.

疑問: Are my classmates listening to music now?

和訳: 私のクラスメートは今音楽を聴いていません。／聴いていますか。

解説: 現在進行形 be + V-ing。否定は be not、疑問は be の倒置。

(12) The girls were running in the park at that time.

否定: The girls were not running in the park at that time.

疑問: Were the girls running in the park at that time?

和訳: 女の子たちはそのとき公園を走っていませんでした。／走っていましたか。

解説: 過去進行形 was/were + V-ing。疑問文は Were + 主語。

(13) My father usually drives to work in the morning.

否定: My father doesn't usually drive to work in the morning.

疑問: Does my father usually drive to work in the morning?

和訳: 父はふだん朝に車で仕事に行きません。／行きますか。

解説: 一般動詞の現在形。頻度副詞 usually は動詞の前に置く。

(14) The baseball game was interesting yesterday.

否定: The baseball game was not interesting yesterday.

疑問: Was the baseball game interesting yesterday?

和訳: 野球の試合は昨日おもしろくなかった。／おもしろかったですか。

解説: be 動詞の過去形 was を使った文。否定は was not、疑問は倒置。

(15) Our club will practice soccer next Friday.

否定: Our club will not practice soccer next Friday.

疑問: Will our club practice soccer next Friday?

和訳: 私たちのクラブは来週の金曜日にサッカーを練習しないでしょう。／練習するでしょうか。

解説: 未来形 will + 動詞の原形。否定は will not (won't)、

疑問は倒置。

(16) My mother is going to visit her friend this evening.

否定: My mother is not going to visit her friend this evening.

疑問: Is my mother going to visit her friend this evening?

和訳: 母は今晚友人を訪ねる予定ではありません。／訪ねる予定ですか。

解説: be going to + 動詞の原形。操作は be 動詞で行う。

(17) The shop opens at nine every morning.

否定: The shop doesn't open at nine every morning.

疑問: Does the shop open at nine every morning?

和訳: その店は毎朝 9 時に開きません。／開きますか。

解説: 習慣を表す現在形。否定・疑問は does/doesn't + 原形。

(18) The boy was at the station two days ago.

否定: The boy was not at the station two days ago.

疑問: Was the boy at the station two days ago?

和訳: その少年は 2 日前駅にいませんでした。／いましたか。

解説: be 動詞の過去形 was。疑問文は Was + 主語。

(19) The children are studying in the library now.

否定: The children are not studying in the library now.

疑問: Are the children studying in the library now?

和訳: 子どもたちは今図書館で勉強していません。／勉強していますか。

解説: 現在進行形。否定は are not、疑問は倒置。

(20) The students were cleaning the classroom then.

否定: The students were not cleaning the classroom then.

疑問: Were the students cleaning the classroom then?

和訳: 生徒たちはそのとき教室を掃除していませんでした。／掃除していましたか。

解説: 過去進行形。否定は were not、疑問は Were + 主語。

## 書き換え問題②【時制全般】氏名 [ ]

(1) The shop often sells fresh bread in the morning. (よく／朝)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(2) The meeting was very short last night. (昨夜)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(3) The boys are playing basketball in the gym now. (今)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(4) The students were studying history at that time. (そのとき)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(5) My parents will visit Osaka tomorrow. (明日)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(6) The girls are going to buy flowers this afternoon. (今日の午後)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(7) The station was very crowded yesterday morning. (昨日の朝)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(8) The boy sometimes helps his mother at home. (ときどき)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(9) My father drinks coffee every morning. (毎朝)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(10) The bus arrived at school at eight yesterday. (昨日 8 時)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(11) The children are reading books in the library now.(今)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(12) The players were running on the ground then.(そのとき)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(13) My mother usually cooks dinner at seven.(ふだん 7 時に)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(14) The festival was exciting last weekend.(先週末)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(15) Our club will have a meeting next Monday.(来週の月曜)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(16) The teacher is going to give us homework tonight.(今夜)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(17) The shop opens at ten every day.(毎日 10 時に)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(18) The girl was in the park two hours ago.(2 時間前)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(19) The children are playing games at home now.(今)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(20) The students were cleaning the schoolyard then.(そのとき)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

書き換え問題②

(1) The shop often sells fresh bread in the morning.

否定: The shop doesn't often sell fresh bread in the morning.

疑問: Does the shop often sell fresh bread in the morning?

和訳: その店は朝によく新しいパンを売りません。／朝によく売りますか。

解説: 一般動詞・現在。否定/疑問は doesn't / does + 原形。

頻度副詞は一般動詞の前(sell の前)に置くのが原則。

(2) The meeting was very short last night.

否定: The meeting was not very short last night.

疑問: Was the meeting very short last night?

和訳: その会議は昨夜とても短くはありませんでした。／短かったですか。

解説: be 動詞の過去形 was。否定は was not、疑問は Was + 主語。

(3) The boys are playing basketball in the gym now.

否定: The boys are not playing basketball in the gym now.

疑問: Are the boys playing basketball in the gym now?

和訳: 少年たちは今、体育館でバスケットボールをしていません。／していますか。

解説: 現在進行形 be + V-ing。否定は be not、疑問は be の倒置。

(4) The students were studying history at that time.

否定: The students were not studying history at that time.

疑問: Were the students studying history at that time?

和訳: 生徒たちはそのとき歴史を勉強していませんでした。／していましたか。

解説: 過去進行形 was/were + V-ing。操作は (3) と同様。

(5) My parents will visit Osaka tomorrow.

否定: My parents will not visit Osaka tomorrow.

疑問: Will my parents visit Osaka tomorrow?

和訳: 両親は明日大阪を訪れないでしょう。／訪れるでしょうか。

解説: 未来 will + 原形。否定 will not、疑問 Will + 主語。

(6) The girls are going to buy flowers this afternoon.

否定: The girls are not going to buy flowers this afternoon.

疑問: Are the girls going to buy flowers this afternoon?

和訳: 女の子たちは今日の午後、花を買う予定ではありません。／買う予定ですか。

解説: be going to + 原形。操作は be 動詞を用いる(否定 be not、疑問 Are ...?)。

(7) The station was very crowded yesterday morning.

否定: The station was not very crowded yesterday morning.

疑問: Was the station very crowded yesterday morning?

和訳: 駅は昨日の朝、とても混雑していませんでした。／混雑していましたか。

解説: be(過去) の否定/疑問。形容詞述語。

(8) The boy sometimes helps his mother at home.

否定(自然): The boy doesn't often help his mother at home.

別解(意味変化あり): The boy sometimes doesn't help his mother at home.

疑問: Does the boy sometimes help his mother at home?

和訳: その少年は家で母を手伝うことがあまりありません。／ときどき手伝いますか。

解説: sometimes は否定と相性がやや悪い。自然な否定は doesn't often/usually が多い。sometimes doesn't は「ときどき手伝わない(時がある)」という意味が変わる点に注意。頻度副詞は一般動詞の前。

(9) My father drinks coffee every morning.

否定: My father doesn't drink coffee every morning.

疑問: Does my father drink coffee every morning?

和訳: 父は毎朝コーヒーを飲みません。／飲みますか。

解説: 一般動詞・現在。does/doesn't + 原形。

(10) The bus arrived at school at eight yesterday.

否定: The bus didn't arrive at school at eight

yesterday.

疑問: Did the bus arrive at school at eight yesterday?

和訳: そのバスは昨日 8 時に学校に到着しませんでした。／到着しましたか。

解説: 一般動詞・過去。否定/疑問は didn't / Did + 原形。

(11) The children are reading books in the library now.

否定: The children are not reading books in the library now.

疑問: Are the children reading books in the library now?

和訳: 子どもたちは今、図書館で本を読んでいません。／読んでいますか。

解説: 現在進行形。時の手掛かり now。

(12) The players were running on the ground then.

否定: The players were not running on the ground then.

疑問: Were the players running on the ground then?

和訳: 選手たちはそのときグラウンドを走っていませんでした。／走っていましたか。

解説: 過去進行形。時の手掛かり then。

(13) My mother usually cooks dinner at seven.

否定: My mother doesn't usually cook dinner at seven.

疑問: Does my mother usually cook dinner at seven?

和訳: 母はふだん 7 時に夕食を作りません。／作りますか。

解説: 一般動詞・現在。頻度副詞 usually は一般動詞の前。

(14) The festival was exciting last weekend.

否定: The festival was not exciting last weekend.

疑問: Was the festival exciting last weekend?

和訳: その祭りは先週末、わくわくするものではありませんでした。／わくわくしましたか。

解説: be(過去) の否定/疑問。時表現 last weekend。

(15) Our club will have a meeting next Monday.

否定: Our club will not have a meeting next Monday.

疑問: Will our club have a meeting next Monday?

和訳: 私たちのクラブは来週月曜に会合を開かないでしょう。／開くでしょうか。

解説: will + 原形。予定の未来。

(16) The teacher is going to give us homework tonight.

否定: The teacher is not going to give us homework tonight.

疑問: Is the teacher going to give us homework tonight?

和訳: 先生は今夜、宿題を出す予定ではありません。／出す予定ですか。

解説: be going to は「予定・見込み」。操作は be 動詞。

(17) The shop opens at ten every day.

否定: The shop doesn't open at ten every day.

疑問: Does the shop open at ten every day?

和訳: その店は毎日 10 時に開店しません。／しますか。

解説: 習慣の現在。時刻表現 at ten、頻度表現 every day。

(18) The girl was in the park two hours ago.

否定: The girl was not in the park two hours ago.

疑問: Was the girl in the park two hours ago?

和訳: その少女は 2 時間前、公園にいませんでした。／いましたか。

解説: be(過去) の否定/疑問。場所の叙述 be + 前置詞句。

(19) The children are playing games at home now.

否定: The children are not playing games at home now.

疑問: Are the children playing games at home now?

和訳: 子どもたちは今、家でゲームをしていません。／していますか。

解説: 現在進行形。副詞 now / at home の位置にも注意。

(20) The students were cleaning the schoolyard then.

否定: The students were not cleaning the schoolyard then.

疑問: Were the students cleaning the schoolyard then?

和訳: 生徒たちはそのとき校庭を掃除していませんでした。／掃除していましたか。

解説: 過去進行形。目的語 clean + 目的語。



(11) The first-year students are cleaning the gym now. (今／体育館)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(12) The runners were warming up on the field then. (そのとき／フィールドで)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(13) My father usually reads the newspaper in the morning. (ふだん／朝に)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(14) The school festival was exciting last weekend. (先週末)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(15) Our team will play a friendly match next Sunday. (来週日曜／親善試合)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(16) The teacher is going to check the reports tonight. (今夜／レポート)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(17) The library closes at six every day. (毎日 6 時)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(18) The girl was in the music room two hours ago. (2 時間前／音楽室)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(19) The gardeners are planting flowers in the courtyard now. (今／中庭で)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(20) The volunteers were picking up trash along the river then. (そのとき／川沿いで)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

書き換え問題③

(1)否定:The science club doesn't usually meet after school on Fridays.

疑問:Does the science club usually meet after school on Fridays?

和訳:科学部はふだん金曜放課後に集まりません。／集まりますか。

解説:一般動詞・現在。否定/疑問は doesn't / does + 原形。頻度副詞は一般動詞の前。

(2)否定:The museum was not closed last Monday.

疑問:Was the museum closed last Monday?

和訳:その博物館は先週の月曜は閉館していませんでした。／閉館していましたか。

解説:be(過去)。否定 was not、疑問 Was + 主語。

(3)否定:The children are not drawing pictures in the art room now.

疑問:Are the children drawing pictures in the art room now?

和訳:子どもたちは今、美術室で絵を描いていません。／描いていますか。

解説:現在進行形 be + V-ing。否定は be not、疑問は倒置。

(4)否定:The students were not taking notes at that time.

疑問:Were the students taking notes at that time?

和訳:生徒たちはそのときノートを取っていませんでした。／取っていましたか。

解説:過去進行形 was/were + V-ing。

(5)否定:Our class will not visit the city library next Thursday.

疑問:Will our class visit the city library next Thursday?

和訳:私たちのクラスは来週木曜に市立図書館を訪れないでしょう。／訪れるでしょうか。

解説:will + 原形。否定 will not、疑問 Will + 主語。

(6)否定:The baseball team is not going to practice early tomorrow morning.

疑問:Is the baseball team going to practice early tomorrow morning?

和訳:野球部は明日の朝はやく練習する予定ではありません。／

する予定ですか。

解説:be going to + 原形。操作は be 動詞。

(7)否定:The weather was not very warm yesterday afternoon.

疑問:Was the weather very warm yesterday afternoon?

和訳:天気は昨日の午後とても暖かくはありませんでした。／暖かかったですか。

解説:be(過去)。述語形容詞。

(8)否定:The cafeteria doesn't often serve curry at lunch.

疑問:Does the cafeteria often serve curry at lunch?

和訳:食堂は昼食にカレーをよく出しません。／よく出しますか。

解説:一般動詞・現在。頻度副詞 often は動詞の前。

(9)否定:The bookstore doesn't open at nine every Saturday.

疑問:Does the bookstore open at nine every Saturday?

和訳:その書店は毎週土曜9時に開きません。／開きますか。

解説:習慣の現在。does/doesn't + 原形。

(10)否定:The train didn't arrive on time last night.

疑問:Did the train arrive on time last night?

和訳:その列車は昨夜、定刻に到着しませんでした。／定刻に到着しましたか。

解説:一般動詞・過去。否定/疑問は didn't / Did + 原形。

(11)否定:The first-year students are not cleaning the gym now.

疑問:Are the first-year students cleaning the gym now?

和訳:一年生は今、体育館を掃除していません。／掃除していますか。

解説:現在進行形。時表現 now。

(12)否定:The runners were not warming up on the field then.

疑問:Were the runners warming up on the field then?

和訳:ランナーたちはそのときフィールドで準備運動をしていませんでした。／していましたか。

解説:過去進行形。時表現 then。

(13) 否定: My father doesn't usually read the newspaper in the morning.

疑問: Does my father usually read the newspaper in the morning?

和訳: 父はふだん朝に新聞を読みません。／読みますか。

解説: 一般動詞・現在。頻度副詞 usually は動詞の前。

(14) 否定: The school festival was not exciting last weekend.

疑問: Was the school festival exciting last weekend?

和訳: 文化祭は先週末わくわくするものではありませんでした。

／わくわくしましたか。

解説: be(過去)。

(15) 否定: Our team will not play a friendly match next Sunday.

疑問: Will our team play a friendly match next Sunday?

和訳: 私たちのチームは来週日曜に親善試合をしないでしょう。

／するでしょうか。

解説: will + 原形。未来の予定。

(16) 否定: The teacher is not going to check the reports tonight.

疑問: Is the teacher going to check the reports tonight?

和訳: 先生は今夜レポートを確認する予定ではありません。／予

定ですか。

解説: be going to は予定・見込み。

(17) 否定: The library does not close at six every day.

疑問: Does the library close at six every day?

和訳: 図書館は毎日 6 時に閉館しません。／閉館しますか。

解説: 一般動詞・現在。時刻表現 at six、頻度 every day。

(18) 否定: The girl was not in the music room two hours ago.

疑問: Was the girl in the music room two hours ago?

和訳: その少女は 2 時間前、音楽室にいませんでした。／いましたか。

解説: be(過去) の場所叙述 be + 前置詞句。

(19) 否定: The gardeners are not planting flowers in the courtyard now.

疑問: Are the gardeners planting flowers in the courtyard now?

和訳: 庭師たちは今、中庭に花を植えていません。／植えていますか。

解説: 現在進行形。副詞句 in the courtyard / now の位置に注意。

(20) 否定: The volunteers were not picking up trash along the river then.

疑問: Were the volunteers picking up trash along the river then?

和訳: ボランティアはそのとき川沿いでごみを拾っていませんでした。／拾っていましたか。

解説: 過去進行形。句動詞 pick up。



(11) The students are singing songs in the music room now.(今／音楽室)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(12) The workers were fixing the road at that time.(そのとき／道路を)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(13) My brother often plays video games on weekends.(よく／週末)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(14) The festival was wonderful last year.(去年)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(15) The team will practice basketball next Wednesday.(来週水曜)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(16) The teacher is going to collect the notebooks tomorrow.(明日／ノート)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(17) The train leaves Tokyo at seven every morning.(毎朝 7 時／東京発)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(18) The boy was in the library three days ago.(3 日前)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(19) The children are studying English at home now.(今／家で)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

(20) The girls were playing badminton in the park then.(そのとき)

否定: \_\_\_\_\_

疑問: \_\_\_\_\_

書き換え問題④

(1) 否定: The library doesn't often lend books to students after school.

疑問: Does the library often lend books to students after school?

和訳: 図書館は放課後によく生徒に本を貸しません。／貸しますか。

解説: 一般動詞・現在。否定/疑問は doesn't / does + 原形。

(2) 否定: The hall was not full of people last Saturday.

疑問: Was the hall full of people last Saturday?

和訳: そのホールは先週土曜日でいっぱいではありませんでした。／いっぱいでしたか。

解説: be 動詞過去。述語は be + 形容詞句。

(3) 否定: The boys are not talking in the classroom now.

疑問: Are the boys talking in the classroom now?

和訳: 少年たちは今教室で話していません。／話していますか。

解説: 現在進行形。

(4) 否定: The teachers were not discussing the plan then.

疑問: Were the teachers discussing the plan then?

和訳: 先生たちはそのとき計画を話し合っていませんでした。／話し合っていましたか。

解説: 過去進行形。

(5) 否定: Our soccer club will not play in the park tomorrow.

疑問: Will our soccer club play in the park tomorrow?

和訳: サッカー部は明日公園で試合をしないでしょう。／するでしょうか。

解説: 未来形 will + 原形。

(6) 否定: The girls are not going to bake cookies this evening.

疑問: Are the girls going to bake cookies this evening?

和訳: 女の子たちは今晚クッキーを焼く予定ではありません。／予定ですか。

解説: be going to.

(7) 否定: The station was not very noisy yesterday morning.

疑問: Was the station very noisy yesterday morning?

和訳: 駅は昨日の朝とてもうるさくはありませんでした。／うるさかったですか。

解説: be 動詞過去。

(8) 否定: The teacher doesn't usually check attendance at the beginning.

疑問: Does the teacher usually check attendance at the beginning?

和訳: 先生はふだん最初に出席を確認しません。／確認しますか。

解説: 一般動詞現在。頻度副詞 usually.

(9) 否定: The post office doesn't open at eight every weekday.

疑問: Does the post office open at eight every weekday?

和訳: 郵便局は平日 8 時に開きません。／開きますか。

解説: 習慣の現在。

(10) 否定: The bus didn't arrive late last night.

疑問: Did the bus arrive late last night?

和訳: バスは昨夜遅れて到着しませんでした。／到着しましたか。

解説: 一般動詞過去。

(11) 否定: The students are not singing songs in the music room now.

疑問: Are the students singing songs in the music room now?

和訳: 生徒たちは今音楽室で歌っていません。／歌っていますか。

解説: 現在進行形。

(12) 否定: The workers were not fixing the road at that time.

疑問: Were the workers fixing the road at that time?

和訳: 作業員たちはそのとき道路を直していませんでした。／直していましたか。

解説: 過去進行形。

(13) 否定: My brother doesn't often play video games on weekends.

疑問: Does my brother often play video games on weekends?

和訳: 兄は週末によくゲームをしません。／しますか。

解説: 一般動詞現在。

(14)否定:The festival was not wonderful last year.

疑問:Was the festival wonderful last year?

和訳:その祭りは去年素晴らしくありませんでした。／素晴らしかったですか。

解説:be 動詞過去。

(15)否定:The team will not practice basketball next Wednesday.

疑問:Will the team practice basketball next Wednesday?

和訳:チームは来週水曜にバスケットボールを練習しないでしょう。／するでしょうか。

解説:未来形 will。

(16)否定:The teacher is not going to collect the notebooks tomorrow.

疑問:Is the teacher going to collect the notebooks tomorrow?

和訳:先生は明日ノートを回収する予定ではありません。／予定ですか。

解説:be going to。

(17)否定:The train doesn't leave Tokyo at seven every morning.

疑問:Does the train leave Tokyo at seven every morning?

和訳:その列車は毎朝7時に東京を出発しません。／出発しますか。

解説:習慣の現在。

(18)否定:The boy was not in the library three days ago.

疑問:Was the boy in the library three days ago?

和訳:その少年は3日前図書館にいませんでした。／いましたか。

解説:be 動詞過去。

(19)否定:The children are not studying English at home now.

疑問:Are the children studying English at home now?

和訳:子どもたちは今家で英語を勉強していません。／していますか。

解説:現在進行形。

(20)否定:The girls were not playing badminton in

the park then.

疑問:Were the girls playing badminton in the park then?

和訳:女の子たちはそのとき公園でバドミントンをしていませんでした。／していましたか。

解説:過去進行形。