

高1数学総合SA+ 確認テスト 春期第3講

氏名 \_\_\_\_\_ 得点 / 10

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□1 ((1)3点 (2)3点 (3)4点 計10点)

次の和を求めよ。

(1)  $\sum_{k=1}^n (2k+3)$

(2)  $\sum_{k=1}^n (6k^2+1)$

(3)  $\sum_{k=1}^n (k-1)(k-5)$

1 (1) 3点 (2) 3点 (3) 4点 計10点)

解答 (1)  $n(n+4)$  (2)  $n(2n^2+3n+2)$  (3)  $\frac{1}{6}n(n-1)(2n-13)$

1 (1) 3点 (2) 3点 (3) 4点 計10点)

解説

$$\begin{aligned} (1) \sum_{k=1}^n (2k+3) &= 2\sum_{k=1}^n k + \sum_{k=1}^n 3 = 2 \cdot \frac{1}{2}n(n+1) + 3n \\ &= n^2 + 4n = n(n+4) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (2) \sum_{k=1}^n (6k^2+1) &= 6\sum_{k=1}^n k^2 + \sum_{k=1}^n 1 = 6 \cdot \frac{1}{6}n(n+1)(2n+1) + n \\ &= n\{(n+1)(2n+1)+1\} = n(2n^2+3n+2) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (3) \sum_{k=1}^n (k-1)(k-5) &= \sum_{k=1}^n (k^2-6k+5) = \sum_{k=1}^n k^2 - 6\sum_{k=1}^n k + \sum_{k=1}^n 5 \\ &= \frac{1}{6}n(n+1)(2n+1) - 6 \cdot \frac{1}{2}n(n+1) + 5n \\ &= \frac{1}{6}n\{(n+1)(2n+1) - 18(n+1) + 30\} \\ &= \frac{1}{6}n(2n^2-15n+13) = \frac{1}{6}n(n-1)(2n-13) \end{aligned}$$