



2026 年度

甲陽 PLUS 英語

頻出イディオム 100+ α

生徒氏名 []

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第 1 講

《頻出イディオム 100 の攻略》

1. 政府はただちにその件について調査するだろう。

The government will look () the matter at once.

2. あなたは何を探しているのですか。

What are you looking ()?

3. 一日でも水なしで済ますことはほとんどできない。

We can hardly do () water even for a day.

4. 携帯電話を切ったほうがよい。

You had better turn your cell phone ().

5. ヘンリーは彼の全責任を果たした。

Henry carried () all his responsibilities.

6. ヘレンは私たちが留守の間、猫の世話をすると約束した。

Helen has promised to look () our cat while we are away.

7. 昨晚近所で火事が突然起こった。

A fire broke () in my neighborhood last night.

8. 「いつ戻りますか」「すべて天候次第です」

“When will be back?” “It all () on the weather.”

9. ディックは両親に養ってもらっていたが、今は両親から独立している。

Dick had been dependent () his parents, but is now independent () them.

10. 今ではあなたは自分で生計を立てるべきだ。

It is up () you to earn your own living now.

11. 彼女は何をしたらよいか途方に暮れた。

She was () a () what to do.

12. 家への帰り道でにわか雨にあった。

I was () in a shower on my way home.

13. 私はその犯罪と何の関係もない。

I have () to do with the crime.

14. 過度の運動は体のためになるというよりむしろ害になる。

Too much exercise will () us more harm than good.

15. 老人が時勢に遅れずについていくことは難しいことである。

It is difficult for an old man to () up with the times.

16. 彼は遅れを取り戻すために飛行機で行った。

He took a plane to () up for the delay.

17. 車のガソリンが切れたので、駅で彼と会えなかった。

I couldn't meet him at the station because my car () out of gasoline.

18. 出かける時に、必ずドアに鍵をかけるようにしてください。

Make () that you lock the door when you leave.

19. 君はその悪い癖をなくさなければならない。

You must get () of that bad habit.

20. あなたはこの機会を利用した方が良い。

You had better make () of this chance.

21. 持っているものを最大限に活用しなさい。

() the best of what you have.

22. 彼のことは無視しなさい。

Don't take any notice () him.

23. 彼女は常に約束を守る。

She always () her word.

24. もうすぐ 2 時だから、あとせいぜい 10 分しか残っていない。

It's almost two o'clock so we have only ten more minutes at ().

25. 母は少なくとも月に一度はうちへ泊りに来てくれます。

Mother comes to stay with us () least once a month.

26. その場所は春が一番良い。

The place is at its () in spring.

27. こんな人気のないところで何をしているの。

What on () are you doing in such a lonely place?

28. 彼女は生まれつき心の優しい人だ。

She is () nature kindhearted.

29. 先生たちは私たちに急いでその作業を終えなさいと言った。

The teacher told us to finish the work () a hurry.

30. 忠犬ハチ公の像は渋谷駅前に立っている。

The statue of Hachiko, the faithful dog, stands () () of Shibuya Station.

31. 概して秋には雨が多い。

As a (), we have a lot of rain in fall.

32. =endure

I can't () up with the noise any longer.

33. =overtake

She has to work hard to () up with her class.

34. =looks like

Don't you think she takes () her mother?

35. =choose

You can pick () whatever shirts you like.

36.=removed

Tom entered the room and took () his coat.

37.=canceled

The baseball game was () off because of the rain.

38.=found by chance

She came () an interesting article about France in the paper.

39.=met by chance

At Narita Airport, I ran () an old friend of mine.

40.=represents

WHO stands () World Health Organization.

41.=appeared

I asked him to come at eight but he turned () at nine.

42.=turn up

The main speaker did not show ().

43.=respect

Every child needs someone to () up to.

44.=despise

You should not look () on the poor.

45.=refused

When I asked him to lend me some money, he () down my request.

46.=proved

The rumor () out to be false.

47.=explains the cause of

That accounts () the accident.

48.=extinguish

It took a lot of water to put () that big fire.

49.=solve

The teacher gave us five minutes to work () the problem.

50.=recover from

It took John about two weeks to get () his illness.

51.=understand

He tried to figure () what the girl wanted to say.

52.=look after

The old man had no children to take () of him.

53.=memorize

He tried to learn the poem by ().

54.=criticizing

She is always finding () with other people.

55.=participate in

Mike is willing to take () in our volunteer group.

56.=happen

When did the accident take ()?

57.=decided

I have made () my () to work harder.

58.=communicate with

I tried to get in () with my boss by phone.

59.=impossible

The manager said that our plan was out of the ().

60.=intentionally

I suspect that he has made that mistake () purpose.

61.=accidentally

She met him () chance.

62.=forever

He left home () good.

63.=beforehand

If you want to reserve seats, you will have to pay () advance.

64.=pretends

He often makes () that he is sick.

65.

a. She enjoyed herself at the party yesterday.

b. She had a good () at the party yesterday.

66.

a. Does he write to you often?

b. Do you () from him often?

67.

a. I don't know what the doctor said to the patient.

b. I am () of what the doctor said to the patient.

68.

a. She never came late for school.

b. She was always in time () school.

69.

a. They are very proud of their old traditions.

b. They take great pride () their old traditions.

70.

- a. I have no idea what he says.
- b. What he says doesn't make ().

71.

- a. I'm very familiar () modern art.
- b. Modern art is very familiar () me.

72.

- a. It is only two miles to the village.
- b. It is no () than two miles to the village.

73.

- a. I'm sure () his success.
- b. He will succeed () fail.

74.

Drop in () my house when you're in Kobe next time.

75.

The boy was named Lincoln () his grandfather.

76.

My wife is suffering () a bad cold.

77.

Please hand () your papers to me by the end of the month.

78.

Don't () ill of others.

79.

He is very friendly. He can get () with anybody.

80.

Many people begin to run short () money toward the end of the month.

81.

He looked () the difficult word in a dictionary.

82.

Japan has played an important () in keeping the peace of the world.

83.

Please () attention to me when I'm speaking to you !

84.

Father taught us that we should always () our best.

85.

My grandfather is fond () taking a walk early in the morning.

86.

Water is composed () hydrogen and oxygen.

87.

Switzerland is famous () its scenic beauty.

88.

My hat is somewhat different () yours.

89.

Many college students are getting more and more indifferent () politics.

90.

The old building is () danger of collapsing.

91.

The elevator was () of order and we had to walk to the fifth floor.

92.

Ken has been () good terms with Ted for more than ten years.

93.

I waited two hours for him () vain.

94.

Margaret liked all her classes, but she enjoyed her music class () particular.

95.

We'll have to move that big desk; it's really () the way.

96.

That picture doesn't seem ugly to me; () the contrary, I think it's rather beautiful.

97.

My husband is an expert when it comes () cooking Chinese food.

98. ヘビを見ると、その少女は悲鳴を上げた。

() the sight of a snake, the girl gave a cry.

99. 自らの健康を犠牲にして喫煙するのはおろかなことである。

It is foolish to smoke at the () of your health.

100. 風や雨に翻弄されるがままに、私たちは山で一夜を過ごした。

We spent the night on the mountain at the () of the wind and rain.

第2講

《+α》

[A] 日本語とほぼ同じ意味になるように、() に適語を書き出しの文字に従って入れなさい。

(1) 私たちはときどき外食をします。

We eat out once (i) a (w). (1) _____

(2) 今朝、私には特にしなければならないことは何也没有せん。

I have nothing (i) (p) to do this morning.

(2) _____

(3) そのびんには液体が半分入っている。

The bottle is half (f) (o) liquid.

(3) _____

(4) 上司が私の仕事を非難するたびに、私はがっかりした。

I was disappointed whenever my boss found (f) (w) my work.

(4) _____

(5) プロジェクトに貢献してくださった皆様方に御礼申し上げます。

We would like to thank everyone who has (c) (t) the project.

(5) _____

(6) 最近ほとんどの人々が、緊張とストレスで苦しんでいる。

Most people are (s) (f) tension and stress these days.

(6) _____

(7) 1年間、彼から便りがありません。

I haven't (h) (f) him for a year.

(7) _____

(8) その生徒は宿題を提出した。

The student (h) (i) his homework.

(8) _____

(9) 彼はみんなに悪く言われている。

He is spoken (i) (o) by everybody.

(9) _____

(10) ケイは1等賞を取ったと私に言った。私は彼女をとて誇りに思った。

Kay told me that she had won the first prize. I was very (p) (o) her.

(10) _____

(11) 私はあたりを見回し、ジローが逃げていくのを見つけた。

I turned around and (c) (s) of Jiro running away.

(11) _____

(12) すぐに上着を着なさい。そうしないと風邪をひくよ。

(P) your coat (o) at once; otherwise you'll catch cold.

(12) _____

(13) 彼女の運命など、私にはどうでもよいことだ。

I am (i) (t) her fate.

(13) _____

(14) 何を探しているの？

What are you (l) (f)?

(14) _____

(15) もう寝る時間だよ。ラジオを消しなさい。

It's time for you to go to bed. (T) (o) the radio.

(15) _____

(16) 地元の人だけでなく観光客も、買い物をするためにその広場にやって来ます。

The tourists as (w) (a) local people come to the square to shop.

(16) _____

(17) 何事も急いでやると決してうまくいかない。

Nothing is ever done well (i) a (h).

(17) _____

(18) この暗い照明の中で、私は彼を私の兄と間違えた。

I (m) him (f) my elder brother in this bad light.

(18) _____

(19) ペニーは決して貧しくはありません。それどころか彼女は大変な金持ちです。

Penny is by no means poor; (i) (f) she's quite rich.

(19) _____

(20) 今はずいぶん暖かい。私は上着を脱ごうと思います。

It's quite warm now. I think I'll (t) my coat (o).

(20) _____

(21) サイズが合うかどうか確かめるために、このセーターを着てみてもいいですか。

May I (t) (o) this sweater to see if it fits?

(21) _____

(22) その件に関して、あなたに連絡します。

I'll get in (t) (w) you about the matter.

(22) _____

(23) 雨のためにガーデン・パーティーは中止された。

The garden party was (c) (o) because of the rain.

(23) _____

(24) 彼女は 5 日間、学校を休んでいる。

She has been (a) (f) school for five days.

(24) _____

(25) ほとんどガソリンを使い果たした。満タンにするために、次のガソリンスタンドで止まった方がいい。

We've almost (r) (o) of gas. We'd better stop at the next gas station to fill up.

(25) _____

(26) 週刊誌によると、その有名な歌手はあの俳優とけんか別れした。

(A) (t) the weekly magazine, the famous singer broke up with the actor.

(26) _____

(27) 私は週末、留守にする予定だったので、隣の女性に私のネコの世話をしてもらえるかどうか尋ねた。

Because I was going away for the weekend, I asked my neighbour if she would (l)
(a) my cat.

(27) _____

(28) オーケストラを指揮する人は誰でも、強い指導力に加えて、熱意と魅力を持っているなければならない。

Anyone who leads orchestras must have heart and charm in (a) (t) great energy.

(28) _____

(29) 彼は泳ぎがうまい。

He's (g) (a) swimming. (29) _____

(30) 飛行機は離陸するとき、地面を離れ、そして飛び始める。

When an airplane (t) (o), it leaves the ground and starts flying.

(30) _____

(31) 彼は、食べるものに関してとても好みがある。

He is very (p) (a) what he eats.

(31) _____

(32) 今朝あなたを見たときに、ブラウン夫人と見間違えました。あなたは彼女によく似ていますね。

I (t) you (f) Mrs. Brown when I saw you this morning. You look just like her.

(32) _____

(33) その少女は、両親が亡くなってから、おばさんの手で育てられました。

The girl was (b) (u) by her aunt after her parents died.

(33) _____

(34) たとえばペンギンのように、鳥の中には飛べないものもいる。

Some birds, penguins (f) (i), cannot fly.

(34) _____

(35) 彼がカーペットの上にタバコの灰をまき散らさないでくれればなあ。

I wish he would (r) (f) scattering his ash on the carpet.

(35) _____

(36) ほとんどの国で、一般に女性は男性よりも長生きをする。

(I) (g) women live longer than men in most countries.

(36) _____

(37) その本はほとんど読み終えています。

The book is as (g) as finished. (37) _____

(38) あなたの娘さんは何て愛らしい子なのでしょう。あなたに似ているのがわかります。

What a lovely girl your daughter is! I can see that she (t) (a) you.

(38) _____

(39) 使い終わったら、あなたのボールペンを私に使わせてください。

Let me use your ballpoint pen when you get (t) (w) it.

(39) _____

(40) 彼が正直であると、私は確信している。

I am (s) (o) his honesty. (40) _____

(41) すぐに返事をしなくてすみません。処理すべき仕事があったものですから。

I'm sorry for not replying sooner, but I had some business to take (c) (o).

(41) _____

(42) 彼女は、経済的に両親から独立している。

She is economically (i) (o) her parents.

(42) _____

(43) 私は彼のことなど聞いたこともない。

I have never (h) (o) him. (43) _____

(44) 私たちが港に到着する前に、嵐になった。

Before we reached the harbor, a storm (s) (i).

(44) _____

(45) 結局のところ、私は行くことができないと思いますので、あなたに電話を差し上げています。

I'm phoning you because I don't think I'll be able to come (a) (a).

(45) _____

(46) 「いつもとても疲れているんだよ、トム」「それは仕事の引き受けすぎだよ」
“I'm always very tired, Tom.” “That's because you (t) (o) too much work.”

(46) _____

(47) がんばって。入試に受かることを祈っています。

Good luck! I hope you (s) (i) passing the entrance examination.

(47) _____

(48) この学習計画を成功させるためには、たくさんのお金が必要です。

Success in this study program (c) (f) a lot of money.

(48) _____

(49) 教室を早く出たいときはいつでも、許可をもらうようにしなさい。

Whenever you want to leave a classroom early, you should (a) (f) permission.

(49) _____

(50) ひどい天気だったので、私たちは京都への旅行を延期しなかった。

Because of the terrible weather, we had to (p) (o) our trip to Kyoto.

(50) _____

問題はここまで