

高 1 英語総合 S+ /S

〔夏期講習会確認テスト〕

受講についての注意

- 1 試験開始の合図があるまで、問題を見てはいけません。
- 2 試験時間は 60 分です。※英文解釈の問題も含めて
- 3 試験中に試験用紙の印刷の不鮮明、ページの欠落、乱れおよび汚れなどに気付いた場合は監督者に申し出てください。
- 4 解答はオンライン解答フォームへ入力してください。解答フォーム以外への解答は一切認めません。
- 5 受験者は、オンライン解答フォームの所定の欄に氏名を省略せず入力してください。
- 6 氏名は、姓名ともに漢字で入力してください。
- 7 試験時間中の途中退場は認められません。ただし、気分が悪いなど身体の調子が悪くなった場合は担当講師に申し出てください。
- 8 試験終了の合図があると同時に、解答を終了してください。

【1】 語彙 Value1700 全範囲 [配点 50]

日本語の意味に合うように、()に入れるのに最も適切なものを選びなさい。

- 1) 彼女はレモンから汁を絞った。

She () some juice from a lemon.

① united ② resembled ③ squeezed ④ combined

- 2) 彼は海で泳いだ。

He () in the sea.

① injured ② consumed ③ bathed ④ healed

- 3) なぜその国は近代にそのように悪い行いをしたのですか。

Why did the country do so badly in the modern ()?

① generation ② era ③ childhood ④ revolution

- 4) 彼女は夫の葬式で泣いた。

She cried at her husband's ().

① luxury ② boom ③ funeral ④ wheat

- 5) 新しいシステムは古いものに劣る。

The new system is () to the old one.

① superior ② inferior ③ apt ④ overall

- 6) 彼は間違いを犯しがちである。

He is () to make mistakes.

① overall ② inferior ③ apt ④ vain

- 7) 彼らはスリルを求めている。

They were looking for ().

① an emotion ② a universe ③ a strain ④ a thrill

- 8) 私は町の変わりように驚いた。

I was () at how much the town had changed.

① frightened ② excited ③ amazed ④ disappointed

- 9) 彼は兵役に参加することになっていた。

He was expected to take part in () service.

① academic ② radical ③ military ④ technical

- 10) 彼は義務をおろそかにするような人ではない。

He is the last man who would () his duty.

① overlook ② starve ③ defeat ④ neglect

- 11) 今一生懸命勉強しないと、将来をすべて台なしにすることになるよ。

Unless you study hard now, you'll () your whole future.

① spoil ② neglect ③ overlook ④ starve

- 12) 私は火星からの異星人が地球を侵略する物語を読んだ。
I read a story in which () from Mars invade the earth.
① infants ② aliens ③ genius ④ personalities
- 13) 父は私にカナダで英語を学ぶ機会を与えてくれた。
My father gave me an () to learn English in Canada.
① absence ② extent ③ experiment ④ opportunity
- 14) 電子と原子ではどちらが小さいですか。
Which is smaller, an electron or ()?
① an element ② an atom ③ a liquid ④ an extent
- 15) 医師は彼が元気になることを私に保証した。
The doctor () me that he will get well.
① exhibited ② pretended ③ witnessed ④ assured
- 16) あいにく私は携帯電話を持ってくるのを忘れました。
(), I forgot to bring my cell phone.
① Fortunately ② Possibly ③ Strictly ④ Unfortunately
- 17) この本は初心者に適している。
This book is () for beginners.
① useless ② suitable ③ convenient ④ sufficient
- 18) 彼は世界中で知られている。
He is known () over the world.
① in ② sudden ③ all ④ such
- 19) 君はすべてのことにおいては重要な役割を果たすことはできない。
You can't play () role in everything.
① an inevitable ② a helpless ③ a stiff ④ a significant
- 20) 数学で満足な点数を取ったことがない。
I've never gotten a () score on math.
① reliable ② decent ③ ridiculous ④ genuine
- 21) 寄付金を募るためにチャリティー・コンサートを開きます。
They are having a () concert to raise money.
① convention ② charity ③ facility ④ consensus
- 22) この物語の主なテーマは何ですか。
What is the main () of this story?
① minority ② theme ③ consent ④ council
- 23) 私はどんな罪も犯したことがない。
I have never () any crime.
① criticized ② apologized ③ committed ④ accused

- 24) 彼は騒々しきから遠く離れた家に住んでいる。
He lives in a house () from noise.
① internal ② urban ③ precise ④ remote
- 25) 警察は事故の原因を調査した。
The police () the cause of the accident.
① calculated ② gazed ③ distributed ④ investigated
- 26) 彼女が無罪であることは明らかだ。
It is clear that she is ().
① independent ② dependent ③ innocent ④ civil
- 27) 彼らはこの国の伝統的な踊りを研究している。
They study the () dances in this country.
① innocent ② civil ③ traditional ④ electrical
- 28) 私は現代建築に興味がある。
I'm interested in modern ().
① architecture ② constitution ③ association ④ foundation
- 29) インターネットは我々の生き方のほぼあらゆる面に影響を与える。
The Internet affects almost every () of how we live.
① atmosphere ② treatment ③ consequence ④ aspect
- 30) のぞみの最高速度は時速 285 キロだ。
The Nozomi runs at 285 km per hour at the ().
① option ② alternative ③ maximum ④ output
- 31) 自然環境を保護するために何をすべきだろうか。
What should we do to () the natural environment?
① transfer ② preserve ③ differ ④ alter
- 32) 校門はふつう 7 時半に開く。
The school gate () opens at seven thirty.
① barely ② normally ③ altogether ④ thoroughly
- 33) 私たちは偶然彼女に会った。
We met her () accident[chance].
① by ② in ③ far ④ on
- 34) もちろん彼女は試合に勝った。
Of (), she won the game.
① control ② course ③ order ④ time
- 35) 彼らは小さな食料品店で食料を買っていた。
They used to buy their food in small () stores.
① laboratory ② routine ③ physician ④ grocery

- 36) そのボランティアグループは環境保全のために働いている。
The volunteer group is working for environmental ().
① conservation ② civilization ③ essence ④ prosperity
- 37) 私はその有効性を疑っている。
I am () of its usefulness.
① desperate ② incredible ③ doubtful ④ spiritual
- 38) 彼らは生物兵器の使用を禁じた。
They banned the use of () weapons.
① ethical ② genetic ③ fertile ④ biological
- 39) 金沢には多くの歴史的な場所がある。
There are a lot of () spots in Kanazawa.
① ethical ② productive ③ historical ④ virtual
- 40) カップルの名前が机に刻んであった。
The names of the couple were () on the desk.
① disposed ② accomplished ③ carved ④ stired
- 41) 私は彼女の前で涙を流した。
I () tears in front of her.
① converted ② shed ③ shrank ④ withdrew
- 42) 彼は日曜版に四コママンガを描いている。
He draws comic () for Sunday papers.
① fluids ② exposures ③ strips ④ satellites
- 43) ブラジルの森林伐採を止めるべきだ。
We should () deforestation in Brazil.
① disturb ② halt ③ postpone ④ forbid
- 44) 温室には湿気が多い。
There is a lot of () in a greenhouse.
① particle ② harvest ③ moisture ④ breeze
- 45) 船は航海を終えた。
The ship completed its ().
① voyage ② vessel ③ faculty ④ destination
- 46) 働く母親たちのためにもっと保育所が必要だ。
We need more () schools for working mothers.
① destination ② recession ③ vessel ④ nursery
- 47) 彼には自尊心があまりないようだ。
He does not seem to have much ().
① triumph ② distress ③ self-esteem ④ irony

48) 物語の草案が完成した.

The () of the story was finished.

- ① psychology ② draft ③ sculpture ④ scholarship

49) 頂上まで険しい上り坂がある.

There is a () climb to the top.

- ① steep ② nasty ③ faint ④ fluent

50) 彼女はその事故で多発外傷を負った.

She suffered () injuries in the accident.

- ① multiple ② ripe ③ scarce ④ unbelievable

【2】 文法 NEXTSTAGE Part1 13章～16章 【配点 100】

空所に入れるのに最も適切な語句を、下の①～④から1つずつ選びなさい。

(1) Bill has not saved much money yet. () has his brother.

- ①Nor ②Or ③So ④Either 〈名古屋学院大〉

(2) Since the beginning of the twentieth century, there () many political and social changes in Africa.

- ①are being ②has been ③have been ④are 〈東海大〉

(3) David is said to be qualified () a pilot.

- ①of ②as ③on ④to 〈東北学院大〉

(4) Sally is rather tall () her age.

- ①at ②for ③of ④to 〈獨協大〉

(5) The judge finally settled everything () everyone's satisfaction.

- ①to ②at ③with ④from 〈中央大〉

(6) It is very mild () the middle of January.

- ①with ②of ③for ④on 〈関西外大〉

(7) Five months () time to carry out the plan.

- ①is too short a ②is too a short
③are too short a ④are too a short 〈日本工大〉

(8) A policeman caught me () arm.

- ①by the ②with an ③by an ④with the 〈流通経大〉

(9) At () time in my life have I been busier than I am today.

- ①no ②any ③some ④other 〈東北学院大〉

(10) How () does it take to get to Oxford University?

- ①long ②many ③much ④far 〈大阪産大〉

(11) Why () you be a good girl and sit down?

- ①do ②ever ③aren't ④don't 〈大阪大谷大〉

(12) She doesn't talk much, but once she () speak she is eloquent.

- ①does ②has ③did ④had 〈城西大〉

(13) You as well as I () in the wrong.

- ①is ②was ③are ④am 〈摂南大〉

- (14) For short stays, Canada does not require that we obtain visas to enter the country, and ().
 ①the U.S. doesn't, too
 ②the U.S. does neither
 ③neither the U.S. does
 ④the U.S. doesn't, either 〈慶應義塾大〉
- (15) () what I could understand, they convinced the government to back down.
 ①By ②From ③As far as ④About 〈立命館大〉
- (16) I went skiing () Mt. Zao last weekend.
 ①at ②until ③for ④to 〈拓殖大〉
- (17) Cheap things are not () economical.
 ①hardly ②neither ③always ④scarcely 〈玉川大〉
- (18) Fred is a friend I've known () ten years.
 ①since ②during ③for ④of 〈日本大〉
- (19) I don't understand () you had to do it yourself.
 ①why ②what ③which ④who 〈東京経大〉
- (20) The doctor will get home ().
 ①for half an hour ②by half an hour
 ③on half an hour ④in half an hour 〈流通経大〉
- (21) The students did not understand that lecture in the ().
 ①few ②little ③least ④less 〈中京大〉
- (22) She looked me ().
 ①by the face ②by a face
 ③in the face ④in a face 〈北海学園大〉
- (23) She leaves her toys all over the floor and I have to pick ().
 ①themselves up ②up themselves
 ③them up ④up them 〈センター試験〉
- (24) He has two other children () Alan.
 ①without ②except ③besides ④on 〈立命館大〉
- (25) He started for London () the morning of the seventh.
 ①at ②to ③on ④in 〈桃山学院大〉
- (26) There () a lot of snow in this area.
 ①has ②are ③have ④is 〈駒澤大〉
- (27) "Peter won't be ready by six." "()"
 ①Mary will too. ②So won't Mary.
 ③So will Mary. ④Neither will Mary. 〈青山学院大〉
- (28) This is the heaviest snowfall () twenty years.
 ①after ②at ③on ④in 〈和洋女子大〉
- (29) She was () but nice the only time I ever met her.
 ①anything ②not ③only ④something 〈学習院大〉

- (30) Please refrain from talking () the phone near the priority seats in the train.
 ①by ②at ③in ④on 〈桜美林大〉
- (31) Please finish the essay () the end of the class.
 ①during ②by ③until ④while 〈早稲田大〉
- (32) It never rains () it pours.
 ①when ②but ③that ④as 〈武庫川女子大〉
- (33) She was () student that all the teachers admired her.
 ①so bright a ②too bright a
 ③too bright ④so bright 〈明治学院大〉
- (34) The number of accidents () steadily increasing in recent years.
 ①have been ②has been
 ③has ④are 〈神田外大〉
- (35) There was a full moon () the forest.
 ①out ②into ③on ④above 〈立命館大〉
- (36) I parked my car () the corner where the bank is.
 ①into ②at ③upon ④for 〈駒澤大〉
- (37) "Where () you come from?" "Oh, I'm English."
 ①have ②do ③are ④did 〈上智大〉
- (38) Mathematics () a compulsory subject in American high schools.
 ①are ②have ③has ④is 〈北里大〉
- (39) Let's talk () a cup of tea, shall we?
 ①over ②on ③in ④at 〈東海大〉
- (40) I have never read ().
 ①a such interesting book ②such an interesting book
 ③such a book interesting ④such interesting a book 〈産能大〉
- (41) Not only () also sick when I met her last time.
 ①was Elizabeth tired but she was
 ②was Elizabeth tired but was she
 ③Elizabeth was tired but she was
 ④Elizabeth was tired but was she 〈福岡大〉
- (42) There is little, (), hope of recovering the data.
 ①if only ②if some ③if any ④if ever 〈西南学院大〉
- (43) I wanted to know () the problem.
 ①how she solved ②how did she solve
 ③how could she solve ④how she could be solved 〈立正大〉
- (44) Don't talk () your mouth full.
 ①with ②during ③when ④over 〈関東学院大〉
- (45) The beauty of the sunset was () description.
 ①across ②over ③beyond ④above 〈清泉女子大〉
- (46) () my surprise, she didn't come to their wedding party.
 ①By ②At ③With ④To 〈東京理大〉

- (47) I seldom, (), go to my hometown in Hokkaido.
 ①if ever ②if never ③if rarely ④if any 〈東京薬大〉
- (48) Please tell me () from your new apartment to the station.
 ①how long it is ②how far it is
 ③how long is it ④how far is it 〈慶應義塾大〉
- (49) I can't understand this mathematics problem; it is () me.
 ①beyond ②all over ③ahead ④up to 〈南山大〉
- (50) I have no pen to write it ().
 ①with ②in ③for ④at 〈愛知工大〉

【3】 語法 NEXTSTAGE Part2 全範囲 [配点 50]

空所に入れるのに最も適切な語句を、下の①～④から1つずつ選びなさい。

- (1) Any delay in delivering the goods will () us a lot of trouble.
 ①produce ②cause ③lead ④result 〈近畿大〉
- (2) Drop me a () as soon as you get there.
 ①pen ②letter ③card ④line 〈学習院大〉
- (3) I can hardly thank you enough () your help.
 ①with ②over ③for ④by 〈関東学院大〉
- (4) Your children should be more () toward their teachers.
 ①respectable ②respective
 ③respected ④respectful 〈学習院女子大〉
- (5) We got () from the teacher.
 ①a lot of information ②a lot of informations
 ③a lot of homeworks ④lots of advices 〈上智大〉
- (6) What () you to change your mind?
 ①let ②caused ③had ④thought 〈関西学院大〉
- (7) Human beings () many physical features with monkeys.
 ①share ②compare ③possess ④have 〈関西外大〉
- (8) I'll never forget () Geneva when I was a student.
 ①visiting ②visited ③to visit ④to have visited 〈京都産大〉
- (9) We must go early; () we won't get good seats.
 ①otherwise ②because ③unless ④therefore 〈センター試験〉
- (10) Some people like to eat fish ().
 ①lived ②lively ③live ④alive 〈東京電機大〉
- (11) He is one of the greatest () musicians.
 ①worth ②alive ③awake ④living 〈関西学院大〉

- (12) During the summer vacation I made () with many villagers.
 ①friends ②friend ③a friend ④the friend 〈中央大〉
- (13) Bad weather () me to stay in London for three more days.
 ①checked ②made ③prevented ④compelled 〈防衛大学校〉
- (14) The doctor told Steve to give up ().
 ①to smoke ②smoker ③smoking ④to have a smoke 〈中部大〉
- (15) Don't forget to give my best () to your parents.
 ①hello ②regards ③reward ④regard 〈明星大〉
- (16) John has offered () care of my dog while I'm abroad.
 ①to take ②taking ③take ④to have taken 〈大阪国際大〉
- (17) He () to buy a house.
 ①denies ②avoids ③means ④gives up 〈東京理大〉
- (18) She didn't want to help John. She had not been on good () with him.
 ①terms ②friends ③relations ④opinions 〈大阪大谷大〉
- (19) There are scarcely () flowers in our garden.
 ①any ②no ③a little ④some 〈明治大〉
- (20) My sister says that she () a dreadful dream last night.
 ①looked ②saw ③had ④held 〈京都外大〉
- (21) If both of us join the fitness club at the same time, the entrance () will be cheaper.
 ①toll ②fare ③fee ④tax 〈東京経大〉
- (22) My curtains () with this furniture.
 ①come ②do ③go ④suit 〈中央大〉
- (23) Whatever you try, it will not () to your record.
 ①break up ②do harm ③destroy ④hurt 〈武庫川女子大〉
- (24) What many people () to recognize is that, with friendship, quality is more important than quantity.
 ①fail ②deny ③put off ④mind 〈立教大〉
- (25) "The students all went to the movie yesterday evening." "I heard it was really ()."
 ①amused ②amuse ③amusingly ④amusing 〈桃山学院大〉

問題はここまです。